

2.163

~~18.741J~~/6.455J

## Sonar, Radar and Seismic Signal Processing

### Review quiz

The following problems are indicative of the aspects of linear systems, Fourier transforms and probability which are expected as prerequisites for this subject. Please complete them; if you have difficulty, please contact me. These problems are for your information and will not be part of your grade.

#### 1) Linear Systems - impulse response, convolution and correlation

A linear, time invariant system has an impulse response,  $h(t)$ , given by

$$h(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{T} & |t - T_0| \leq \frac{T}{2} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

An input signal  $x(t)$  has the form

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 < t < \frac{T}{2} \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

- Find and sketch the system output,  $y(t)$ .
- Find and sketch the correlation function  $R_y(\tau) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} y(t)y(t - \tau)dt$ .

#### 2) Fourier transforms

- A signal  $x(t)$  has the form

$$x(t) = e^{-at}U(t) + e^{-a(t-T_0)}U(t - T_0), \quad T_0 \gg 1/a$$

( $U(t)$  is the unit step function.) Find and sketch the Fourier transform,  $X(f)$ , of the signal.

- The signal  $x(t)$  is the input to an LTI system with transfer function

$$H(f) = \frac{j2\pi f - a}{j2\pi f + a}, \quad \text{for all } f$$

Find the energy spectrum  $S_z(f) = |Z(f)|^2$  of the system output,  $z(t)$ .

### 3) Probability Theory

a) A random variable  $x$  has the probability density function

$$p_x(X) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{L} & 0 \leq X < L \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

i) Find the mean and variance of the random variable,  $y$ ,

$$y = \cos\left(\frac{2\pi X}{L}\right)$$

ii) Find the probability density,  $p_y(Y)$ .

b) The random variables  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  are statistically independent and both have the same probability density  $p_x(X)$  as described in part (a). Find the characteristic function,  $M_d(jv) = E(e^{jvd})$  of the difference  $d = x_1 - x_2$ .